

**FY2023 Labor, Health, and Human Services Appropriations Bill**  
**FY2023 State and Foreign Operations Appropriation Bill**  
**Key IDSA Funding Priorities Summary**

**FY2023 Labor, Health, and Human Services (LHHS) Appropriations Bill:**

- The bill includes a total of \$10.4 billion for CDC, an increase of \$2 billion above the FY 2022 enacted level and \$1 billion above the President's budget request.
- \$202 million for the **CDC's Antibiotic Resistance Solutions Initiative**, a \$20 million increase over FY2022
- \$6.642 billion to the National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases at the National Institutes of Health (NIH) a \$320 million increase over FY2022, including \$560 million for antibiotic resistance research at NIAID, an increase of \$20 million over FY2022
- \$845 million for the Biomedical Advanced Research and Development Authority, a \$100 million increase over FY2022 funding.
- \$757 million, an increase of \$111 million above FY 2022, for **Center for Global Health**. This includes \$353 million for global health security, a \$100 million increase.
- \$31 million in funding for the **National Healthcare Safety Network at CDC**, a \$10 million increase over FY2022
- \$50 million in funding for the **Advanced Molecular Detection initiative at CDC**, a \$15 million increase over FY2022
- \$43 million for **infectious diseases and opioid activities at CDC**, \$25 million increase over FY2022
- \$1.463 billion in funding for the Division of **HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, Sexually Transmitted Diseases, and Tuberculosis**, a \$118 million increase over FY2022
- \$825 million for **CDC's Immunization Program**, a \$175 million increase over FY2022
- \$65 million for **CDC's Quarantine Program**, a \$15 million increase over FY2022
- \$99 million to the NIH's **John C. Fogarty International Center**, \$12 million over FY2022 funding
- \$250 million, an increase of \$150 million above FY 2022, to **modernize public health data surveillance and analytics** at CDC and State and local health departments.

**FY2023 State and Foreign Operations (SFOPs) Appropriations Bill:**

- \$1 billion for global health security, an increase of \$300 million, to prevent future pandemics through both bilateral and multilateral mechanisms.
- \$2 billion for the Global Fund to Fight AIDS, Tuberculosis, and Malaria, a \$440 million increase to support a strong U.S. commitment to the 7th replenishment of the Global Fund in support of the goal of ending the epidemics of AIDS, TB, and malaria;
- \$4.395 billion for the President's Emergency Plan for AIDS Relief (PEPFAR), a \$5 million increase.
- \$469 million for the USAIB global TB program, an increase of almost \$100 over FY2022 funding